Cafcass Demand & Performance Report

August 2018 Summary



Summary

Public Law

- Cafcass received a total of 4,693 Public Law Care applications year to date 2018/19 (Apr-2018 to Jul-2018), this is a decrease of 2.6% (124 applications) on the same period last year. Compared to same period in 2016/17, it is a decrease of 5.7% (283 applications).
- On average Cafcass received 1,175 new Care applications per month in the past 12 months (Aug 2017 Jul 2018).
- 48.3% of Care Applications were completed within 26 weeks (Q1 208/19); this is up from 46.5% in the previous quarter.
- At the end of July 2018, stock of open Care cases has increased by 5.5% (546 cases) compared to July 2017.

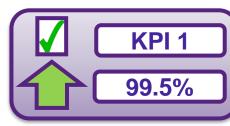
Private Law

- Cafcass received a total of **14,359** Private Law cases year to date 2018/19 (Apr-2018 to Jul-2018), this is an increase of **1%** (142 cases) on the same period last year. Compared to the same period in 2016/17, it has increased by **6.4%** (864 cases).
- On average Cafcass received 3,504 new Private Law cases per month in the past 12 months (Aug 2017 Jul 2018);
- Stock of open Private cases has increased by 15.3% (2,656 cases) since July 2017

Other

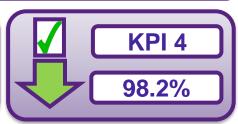
- KPI performance remains strong with all in Green year to date (Apr-2018 to Jul-2018). Full KPI data can be viewed in Appendix 1.
- S31 Duration has dropped to **31** weeks in Q1 18/19, this is in line with the 2017-18 average of 31 weeks and the general trend since Q4 16/17.
- There has been a sharp increase in non-care <u>supervision</u> cases over the last 12 months. The 820 new cases year to date (April to July 2018) is **136%** higher (472 cases) than the same period in 2017. This follows a 72% increase in 2017/18. More detail is available in Appendix 2.
- Overall average active caseloads of our social work staff have increased slightly to 20.8 cases (August 2018) from 20.5 (April 2018). Private Law and Mixed workloads have increased in line with recent demand. Further detail on caseloads can be found in Appendix 6.
- As at July 2018 there was a full time equivalent of 1344.6 Social Work staff, this is **1.1%** more than in March 2018.
- At the end of Q1 2018-19, MoJ forecasted for -0.5% for <u>public law</u> and +2.2% for <u>private law</u> for 2018-19, these are calculated on historic data trend.
- Cafcass' involvement in Private Law took an average of **19 weeks** (Q1 2018/19 the same as the previous quarter (reconciled up to 19, was 18 at time of publishing).

Key Performance Indicators (KPI) – 2018/19 (YTD)









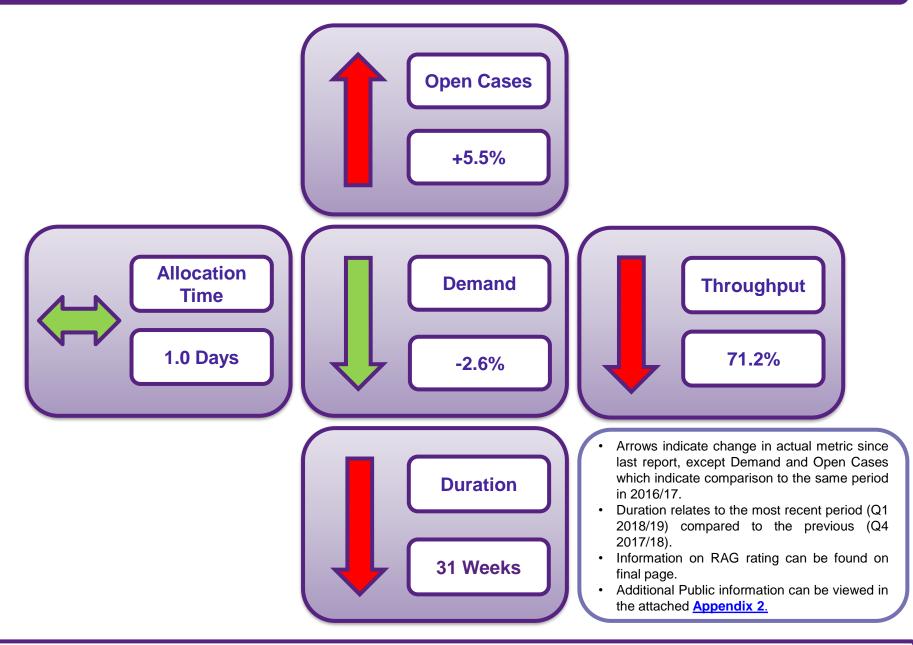
Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Target
1: Public care cases allocated to Children's Guardian at month end	97%
2: Average working days to allocate Children's Guardian to care case	<3 working days
3: Private law cases allocated to Family Court Adviser at month end	97%
4: Private law section 7 reports filed by agreed date	97%

Additional KPI performance information can be viewed in the attached Appendix 1.

- Year to date 2018/19 all KPIs have exceeded target (April 2018 July 2018).
- The average number of weeks to file Section 7 reports has slightly increased from 9.8 weeks in 2017/18 (Apr-Jul) to 10.0 weeks in 2018-19. Section 7 report demand has increased in 2018/19 by +9% (571 reports) compared to same period in the last financial year.
- KPI 2 performance is 1.0 working days to allocate a Children's Guardian, a decrease from 1.1 days for the same period in 2017/18.
- Details of the national Key Performance Measures (KPMs) monitored by the Family Justice Board are provided below for information.

Key Performance Measure (KPM)	Ambition for 2018/19
KPM1 – Average (mean) duration of section 31 care or supervision cases (From date of application to first full order i.e. not interim order)	26 weeks (averaged over the year)
KPM2 – Proportion of section 31 care or supervision cases completing within 26 weeks.	65-75%
KPM3 – Average (mean) number of hearings per section 31 care or supervision case	Average of 5 (or fewer) hearings be held per new section 31 care or supervision case
KPM4 – Timeliness of progression of section 8 cases in court	
a) Proportion of section 8 cases where the FHDRA or urgent first hearing takes place within six weeks.	70% - 80% of FHDRA hearings take place within 6 weeks of the application
b) Average time from application to final order for section 8 cases	Continuous improvement
5: Take-up and initial effectiveness of publicly-funded family mediation:	
5a: Number of couples attending a MIAM where one or both parties are publicly-funded	6,000 couples a quarter attending a MIAM
5b: Number of publicly-funded family mediations reaching full/partial agreement on the issues in dispute	2,400 publicly funded mediation agreements a quarter reaching full/partial agreement on the issues in disagreement
5c: Proportion of MIAMs converted to Mediations Starts.	No specific level of ambition set
Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service	August 2018 Performance Report

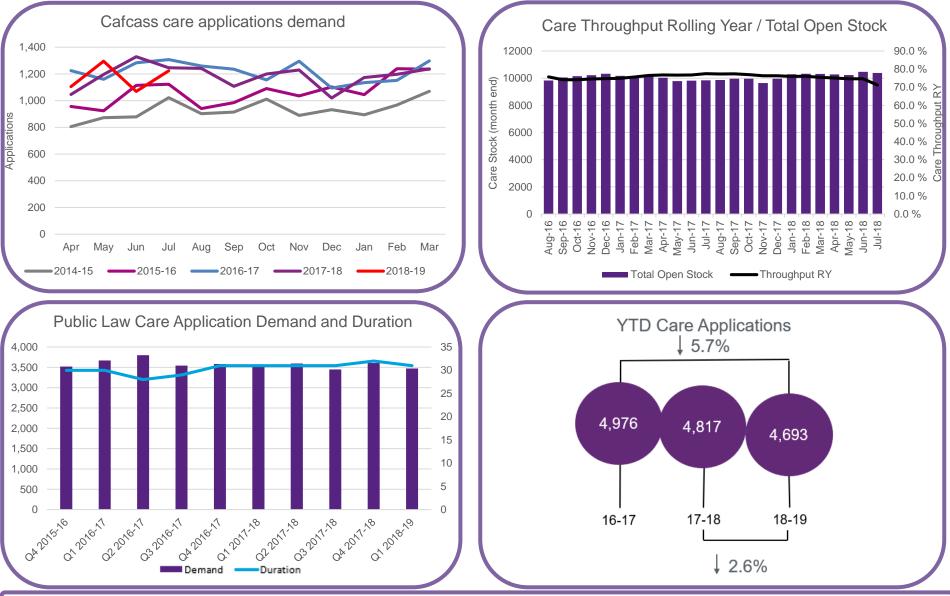
Public Law (Care) 2018/19 YTD



Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service

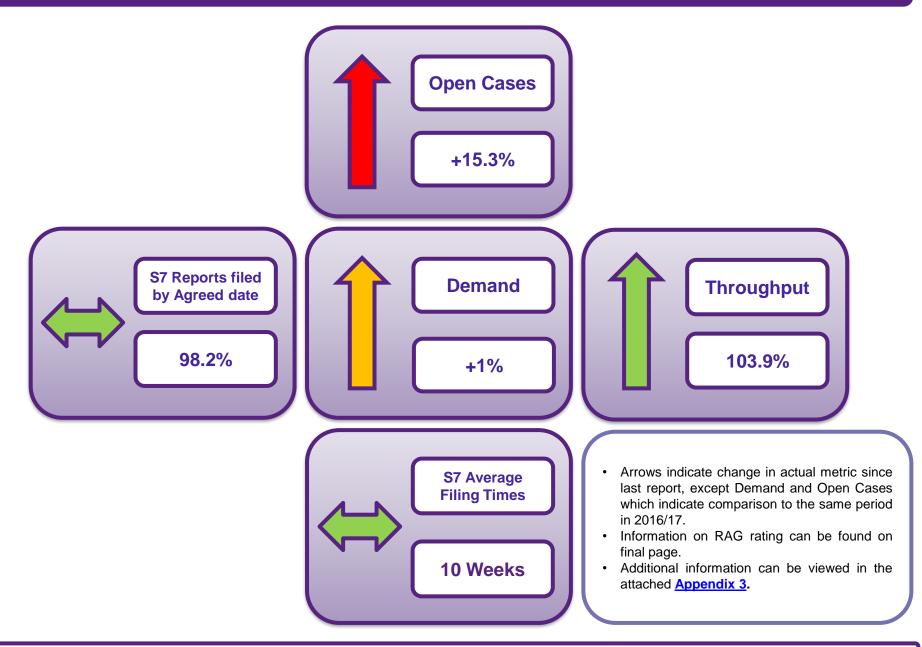
Public Law (Care)





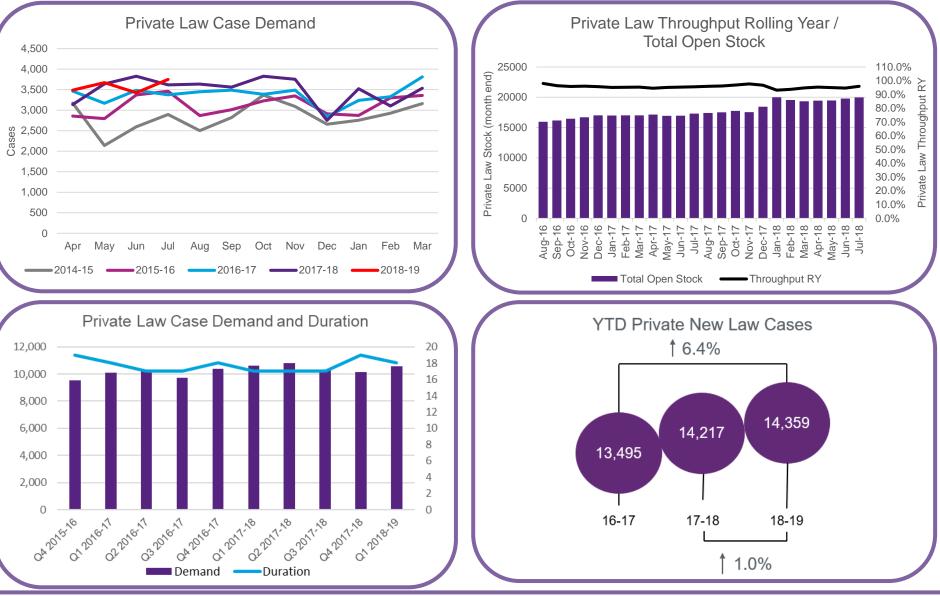
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Private Law 2018/19 YTD



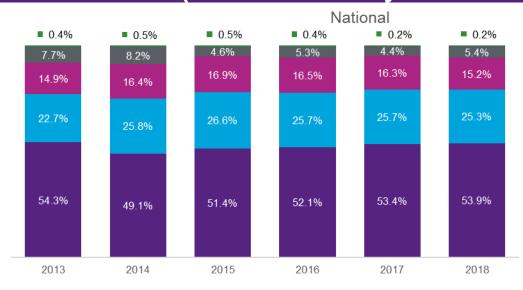
Private Law





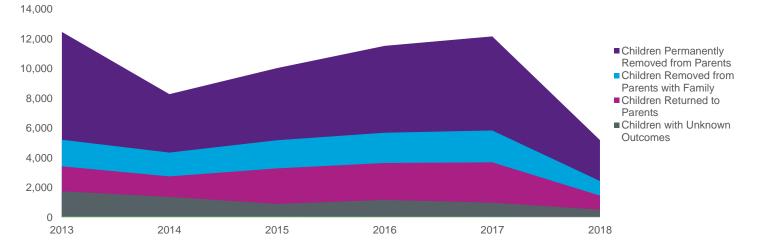
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Outcomes – Public s31 Care Applications 2013 - 2018 (2018/19 data is year to date)



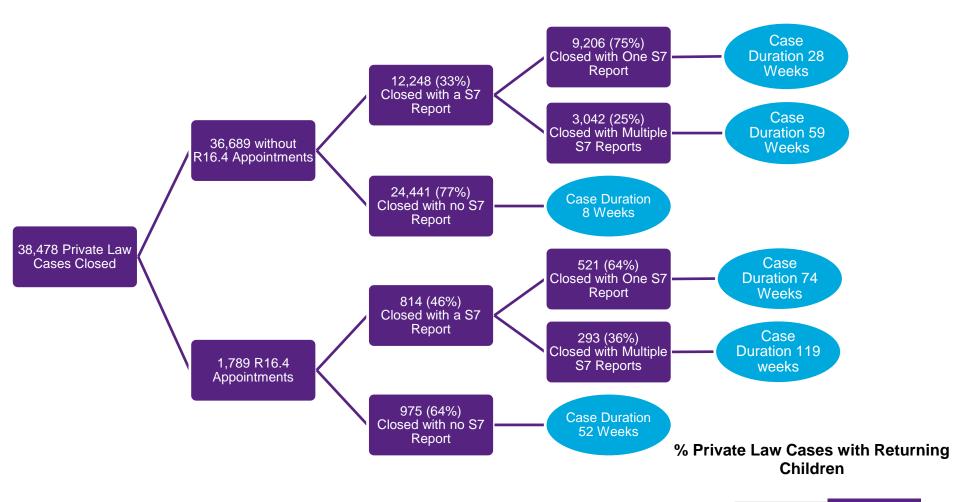
- % Children with applications refused
- % Children with unidentified outcomes
- % Children returned to parents
- % Children removed from parents with family
- % Children permanently removed from parents

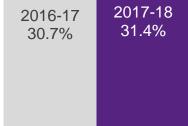
Children with Legal Outcomes per Calendar Year



Additional information on the grouping can be viewed in the attached Appendix 2.

Outcomes – Private Law 2017/18

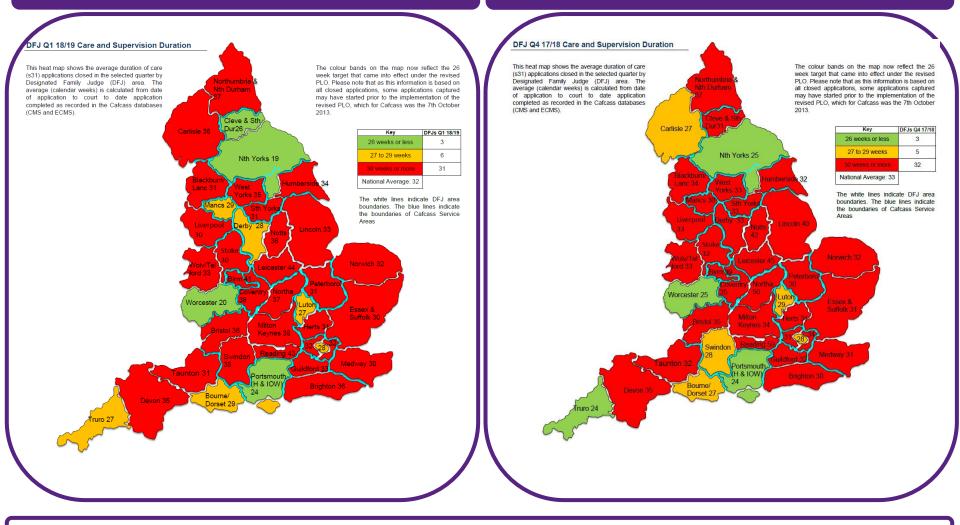




Public Law S31 Duration Heat Map (by DFJ Area)

Care Application Duration (Q1 2018/19)

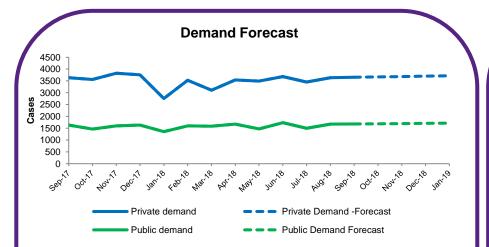
Care Application Duration (Q4 2017/18)



A full breakdown by DFJ can be accessed in the attached Appendix 4.

Demand Forecast

Demand Forecast



- Forecasts based on <u>historical Cafcass data</u> show, a **+2% for Total Public Law** and **+3% for Private Law** predicted for the full 2018-19 financial year.
- At the end of Q1 2017-18, <u>MoJ forecasted</u> for -0.5% for Public Law and +2.2% for Private Law for 2018-19. These are reviewed and updated every quarter.
- A Cabinet Office 'deep dive' identified several drivers of Public Law volumes:
 - Changing LA behaviour e.g. improved practice or increased risk aversion
 - A growing gap between the needs of the population and the services available
 - Increased awareness among LAs of risks to older children, including abuse and neglect
 - Factors specific to local areas such as deprivation, rates of cohabitation, mental health spending, children per social worker
 - Variation in LA decision-making
 - Impact of Ofsted inspections
- There is some regional variation in drivers of demand, such that it can be difficult to determine which is most significant overall.
- There is limited understanding of the drivers behind the Private Law increase, and the extent to which they will drive future increase, so MoJ have used the same time-series forecasting approach.

Annex 1: Cafcass Office Map



Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service

